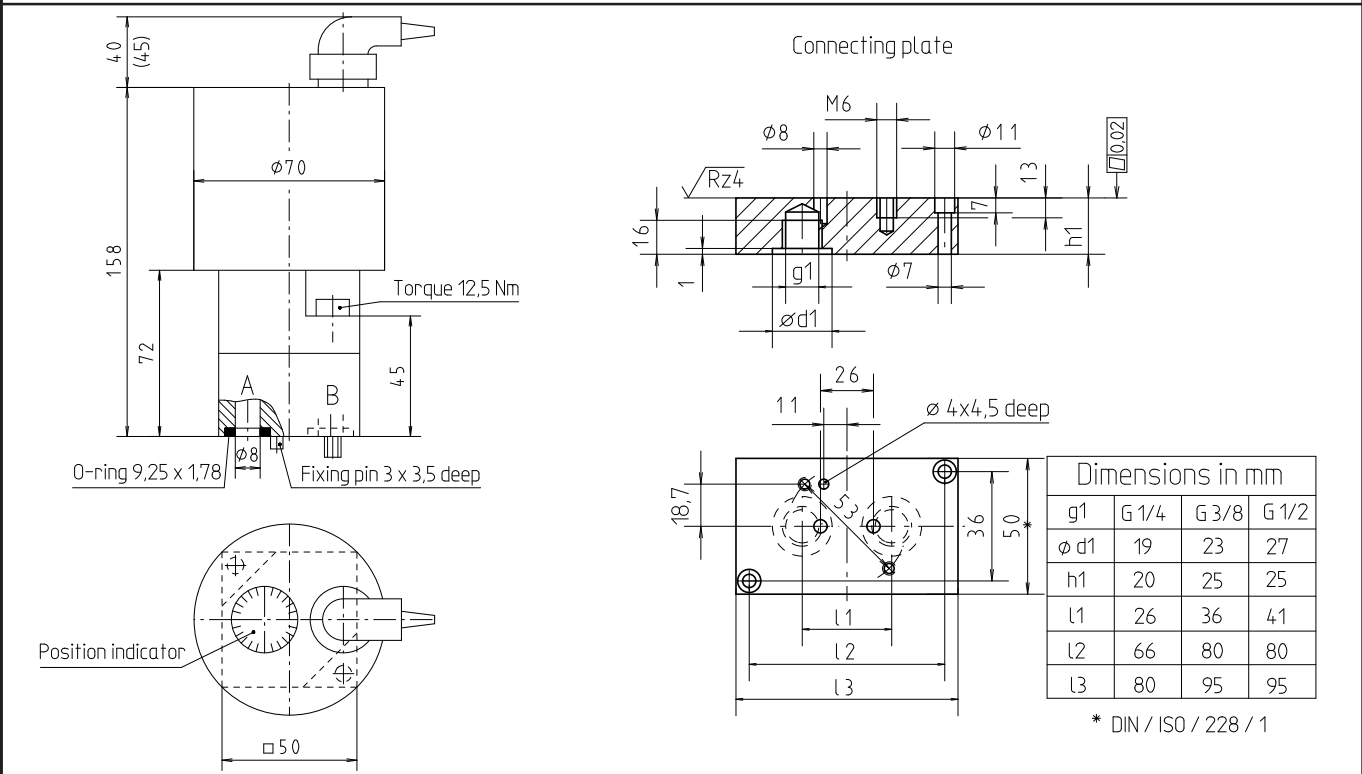


The two-way flow control valves are flow valves (throttle valves) with integrated pressure regulator. The valves automatically control an adjustable volume flow independently of pressure variations in the supply or discharge line to make it constant. They can be mounted on the inlet or outlet side of the consumer.

**FEATURES**

- Remote-controllable, programmable
- Analogue control means: the stepping motor control is realised using our control unit via an analogue input signal (0-10V; 0-20mA)
- Stepping motor position is monitored using a feedback potentiometer
- Fail safe characteristic: the valve keeps its last position in case of a power supply failure
- No electrical temperature drift
- Minimum actuating time: 1.5 sec
- Resolutional prox. 0.25%
- Volume flow signal function: linear
- 7 rated setting volume flow ranges
- Hold pattern according to internal Schiedrum standard
- Assembly on connection plates with pipe joints or control block
- With by-pass check valve
- Standard sealing material Buna N (NBR), other materials possible
- For the volume-flow control in both flow directions, volume flow rectifier intermediate plate valve type 71 are available upon request



**ORDER INFORMATION**

The scope of delivery of the flow-control valve includes O - rings for sealing the connecting holes, 2 mounting screws M 6 x 55 DIN 912-10.9 and approx. 2m cable with connecting plug.

Name	two-way flow control valve	26	G	A	R	1	L	15
Type								
Series (letter)								
Control method: A= analogue								
Series equipped check valve								
Rated volume flow: 1; 1,6; 2,5; 4; 6,3; 10; 16 L/min								
Volume flow signal function: linear								
Min. actuating time: 1.5 sec.(x10)								
Supplementary data for special models								
e.g. special Viton sealings (FKM)= M15								

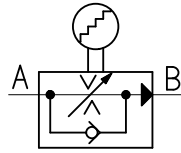
**ACCESSORY**

- Connecting plate - Order - No.:** 44-020-10019 for G 1/4; 44-020-10020 for G 3/8; 44-020-10021 for G 1/2
- Stepping motor control unit** StA 01 – DAS (dimension sheet – 9-74-001-1012)
- Flow rectifier plate** type 71 see dimension sheet 9-74-071-1004

# CHARACTERISTICS

## 1. General

Symbol



Type designation

Setting throttle: slot orifice  
 Differential pressure valve: switched in series with the setting throttle  
 Check valve: spring-loaded ball valve

Weight

1,9 kg

Mounting position

Random, preferable vertical

Direction of volume flow

A to B controlled, B to A unthrottled return flow

Ambient temperature

- 25 °C to + 50 °C

## 2. HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

Nominal pressure  $\cong$  Max. pressure

210 bar for all connections

Hydraulic fluid

Hydraulic oil according to DIN 51 524 (1.2)

Hydraulic fluid temperature range

-20 °C to + 60 °C

Viscosity range

5 to 350 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec

Rated volume flow range

1; 1.6; 2.5; 4; 6.3; 10; 16 L/min

Min. adjustable and controllable

Volume flow

Approx. 10 to 20 cm<sup>3</sup>/min, recommended control range 1:100 with reference to the rated volume flow

Contamination level/filtering

General permissible class 18/15 according to ISO 4406 or 9 according to NAS 1638

Volume flow check valve

(recommended filter: min. retaining rate  $\beta_{10-15} \geq 75$ )  
 Max. permissible 30 L/min

**Type of actuation**

electrically

### 3.1 Motor

Type designation

Synchronous motor

Rated voltage/frequency

24V-10/+10%/50 Hz

Power consumption

3,5 VA

Rated current

150 mA

Speed

250 U/min

Required phase condenser

8,2  $\mu$ F (not integrated, not required in case of stepping motor operation)

Resistance per coil

140  $\Omega$

**When operated as stepping motor:**

Step number per revolution

48 full step

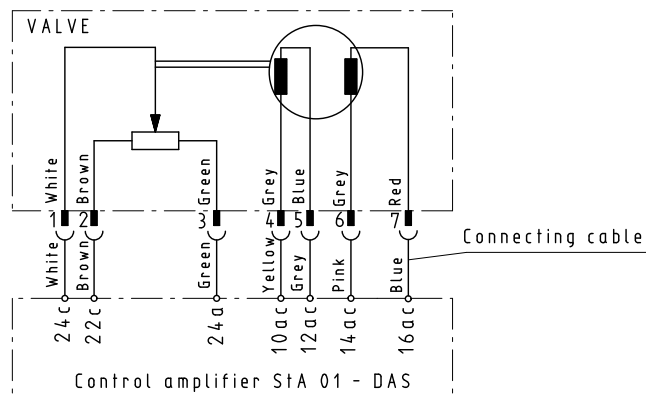
Max. operating frequency

200 Hz

Recommended max. operating frequency

160 Hz

### Circuit Diagram



### 3.2 POTENTIOMETER

Type

Rotary potentiometer with wire-wrapped resistance element

Permissible load

1,5 W at 40 °C

Independent linearity

$\leq 1$  %

Resistance value

1 k  $\Omega \pm 20$  %

Max. operating voltage

300 V

Max. loop current

1 mA

Voltage fluctuation

< 0,5 %

3.3 PROTECTIVE SYSTEM (according to DIN 40 050)

IP 40

3.4 CONNECTING PLUG

Device plug identical to 3477 000 by Amphenol Tuchel  
Cable box included in the scope of delivery.

3.5 RELATED CONTROL UNIT

StA 01 - DAS

#### 4. RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS

Responsiveness  
Repeatability  
Hysteresis  
Range of inversion  
  
Actuating time

0,5 %  
0,5 %  
< 3 %  
< 1 %

of the set volume flow range  
measured at  $\Delta p$  50 bar

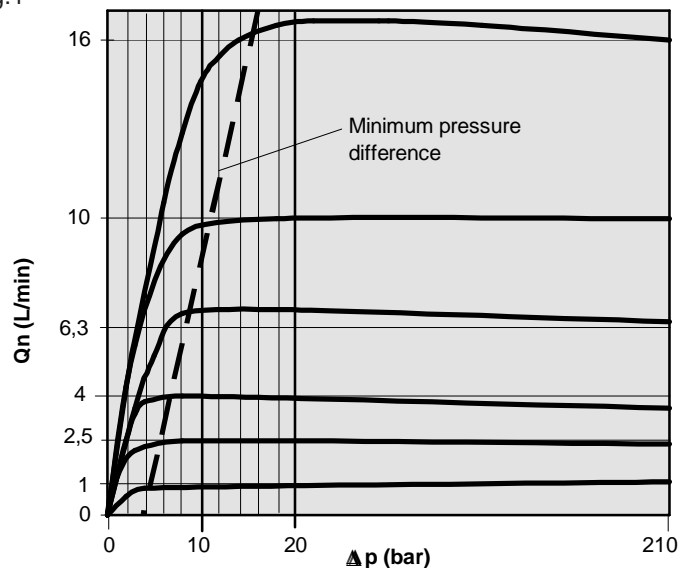
Q min to Q max approx. 1.5 sec. In combination with  
our standard control unit StA 01 - DAS, the actuating time  
can be increased to approx. 6 sec by reducing the step frequency.

#### CHARACTERISTICS

##### Q- $\Delta p$ -characteristic; $Q = f(\Delta p)$

Fig.1 shows the control characteristics of the valve for the volume flow A to B for various rated volume flow ranges, as well as the minimum pressure difference necessary for the function.

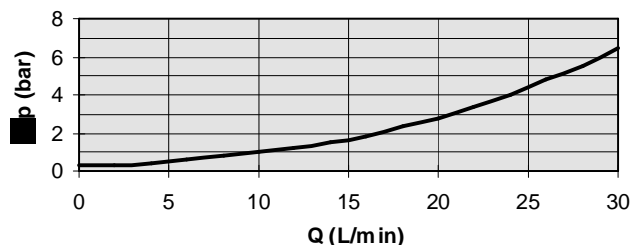
Fig.1



##### $\Delta p$ -Q-characteristic; $\Delta p = f(Q)$

Fig. 2 shows the pressure loss of the valve for the volume flow direction B to A to the by-pass check valve with the setting orifice fully closed.

Fig.2



##### Volume flow signal function characteristic: $Q = f(U, \text{Volt})$

Fig. 3 and 4 shows the dependence here over the different rated volume flows as a function of the input signal.

Fig.3

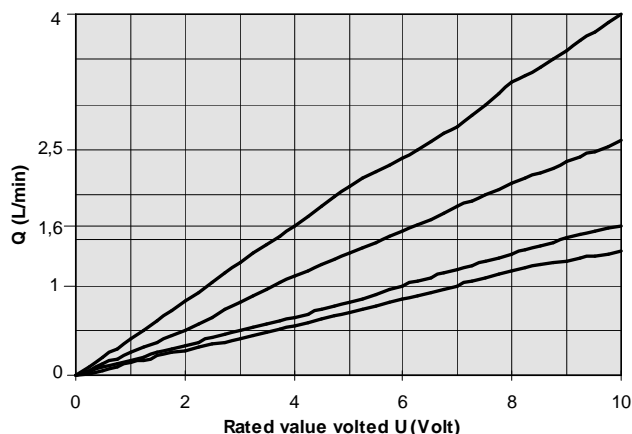
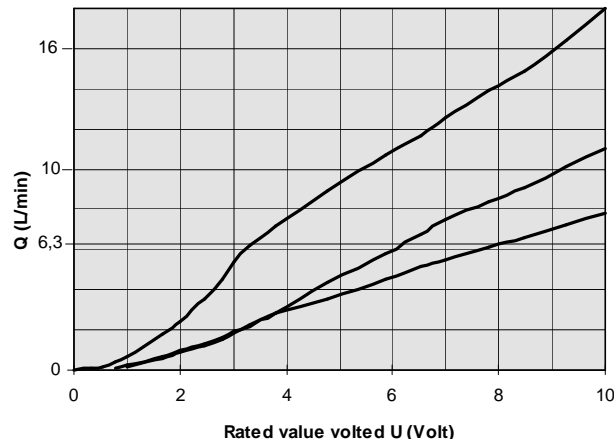


Fig.4



## VALVE DESCRIPTION

### 1. Valve

The valve keeps constant on the adjustable outlet flow independent from pressure variations in the inlet and outlet line within their functional limits (a minimum pressure difference between supplying discharged side of the valve must be present (see fig.1). They can be integrated at the supply or discharge side of the consumer. The volume flow adjustment is realised using a motor drive unit coupled to an actual value potentiometer feeding back the position of the setting throttle to the motor control unit. Mechanical limits stops are integrated into the potentiometer which must not be contacted during the normal operation. The motor revolution is converted into a linear movement via threaded spindle drive unit thus adjusting the setting throttle. No motor switch-off device is integrated into the valves, i.e. this must be realized via the motor control unit.

We deliver a control amplifier using motor is operated as stepping motor (see catalogue seat St01). The advantage of the pulse motor control lies in the high precision and repeatability of the set values.

Furthermore, the valve position is kept even in case of a power failure. Upon special request, the valve can also be delivered with an emergency manual actuation. The volume flow is made independent of the pressure by means of the differential pressure valve (pressure balance). It provides a constant pressure difference at the setting orifice and is arranged downstream of the orifice (secondary control). Due to the very compact design, the volume flow can be adjusted within msec in case of pressure changes. The pressure balance is open in its normal position. Thus, there may be a starting step-change when switching on the valve. Optionally, a modified valve design with a control part which allows closing depressure balance in its normal position (see subliminary information 9-74-020-0026). The volume flow is controlled in one direction of flow only. The direction of the control is indicated by the symbol on the name plate. In the opposite direction of flow, there will be a bypass check valve for an unthrottled return flow at a very low loss of pressure. It is designed as a spring-loaded ball seated valve.

### 2. Material

The valve parts are made from engineering steel, the external parts are black - finished, wear parts are surface- hardened. The housing of the actuating drive is made from aluminium, black anodized. The other parts of actuator drive are made from various materials and they are corrosion protected.

For applications in excess of the given specifications, please contact Schiedrum.

All specified parameters are partially based on long user's experience and partly on measurements made in laboratories. The data are typical of the valve and can deviate in series. All measurements were carried out on a test stand with an oil viscosity of 36 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec and a filter mesh of < 10 µm as well as control electronics set to optimum values. All data given here should be used as description for the product only and they are not to understand as warranty (*zugesicherte Eigenschaft*) in the sense of law.